

Music Director - Adrian Brown Leader - Andrew Laing Sunday 15th June 2025 Langley Park Centre for the Performing Arts £2.00





Richard Brown - Pageant of the Seas

Kleinsinger - Tubby the Tuba Narrator - Chris Jeffery Soloist - David Young

Saint Saëns - Carnival of the Animals

Offenbach - Overture - Orpheus in the Underworld



Our next concert is on Saturday 15th November at 7.30pm. For more information about all of next season's concerts, visit our website or scan the QR code

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Richard Brown - Pageant of the Seas

The orchestral suite was originally composed for an event in Valletta, Malta. This was a regatta comprising many types of boats performing spectacular displays in the Grand Harbour, complete with fireworks and illuminations.

The piece is in five movements, and in the concert today, the orchestra is playing three of them.

Fanfare for the Fleet portrays the grandeur of galleons and tall ships, as they set sail from the harbour.

Salt Sea Scherzo is the dash of fast-moving vessels, and the taste of salt in the sea spray.

Maritime March returns to the splendour of larger ships. The second more peaceful theme represents graceful sailing through calm waters.



Kleinsinger - Tubby the Tuba

The work traces its origins back to the early 1940s. After Paul Tripp and George Kleinsinger sang a duet the tuba player in the band quipped: 'Hey, tubas can sing, too!' As the idea rather tickled Tripp's fancy, he dashed off a little story – Kleinsinger dashed off a bit of music – and the combination was a smash hit. George Pal's cartoon version was nominated for an Oscar... Ron Cunningham created a ballet version in Boston...The work has been translated into over thirty languages.

As a rule, tuba players are notably good-natured, sensitive and popular. Watch out for rather conceited first violins, a clever principal horn, snickering trumpets, and (one) positively rude trombone. Beyond the soloist, the piccolo has much the most to do. A cheerful bullfrog is represented by solo bassoon and Bass Clarinet.



In the story itself, a dejected Tubby, after being humiliated by the rest of the orchestra, finally retreats to a riverbank to find solace. There, after gazing at his reflection in the water and singing a short, forlorn song, Tubby meets up with a kindly, musically-inclined, deep-voiced bullfrog.

The frog, too, is feeling a little downtrodden that day, upset over the fact that few seem to listen to him either, even though, every night, he "sings his heart out." The frog (who Tubby calls "Mr. Frog") then starts to hum, sharing with Tubby a most original and memorable tune. Soon, Tubby is also playing the catchy chords, convinced that he has found exactly what he needs!

Empowered by his new friend and this new melody, Tubby returns to his orchestra the next day just in time to impress a visiting conductor, Signore Pizzicato, who has never before heard such a tune, especially from a tuba. Tubby's new melody even manages to win over his fellow instruments--the piccolo, the trombones, the xylophone!—who all join in in a symphony built around Tubby's remarkable measure.

The story ends with Tubby and the bullfrog reunited by the river, satisfied that they have both finally been heard. "We have our good points too," the frog says to his new friend Tubby.

Saint-Saëns - Carnival of the Animals

In February 1886 Saint-Saëns apologised to his publishers that, instead of his Third Symphony, he'd been distracted by a project most amusing. ('... mais c'est si amusant!'). Though The Carnival of the Animals has turned out to be his most popular work, Saint-Saëns prohibited public performances during his lifetime, feeling that so frivolous a piece might damage his prestige, though he relented sufficiently to publish the solo cello movement as a standalone.

The premiere was given in 1922, to literal screams of joy, according to Le Figaro:

'We cannot describe the cries of admiring joy let loose by an enthusiastic public. In the immense oeuvre of Camille Saint-Saëns, The Carnival of the Animals is certainly one of his magnificent masterpieces. From the first note to the last it is an uninterrupted outpouring of a spirit of the highest and noblest comedy. In every bar, at every point, there are unexpected and irresistible finds. Themes, whimsical ideas, instrumentation compete with buffoonery, grace, science. ... While he likes to joke, the master never forgets that he is the master.'

The Introduction. This is grand, and runs into the lions, with swelling roars.



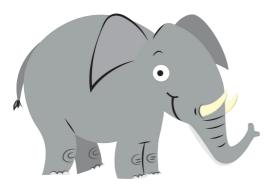


Hens and roosters. Here one imagines either a rooster fight or a hen fight. Probably both.

Swift animals. Fun fact I never knew: these represent dziggetai, mega-fast donkeys from Tibet.

Tortoise. A slow and dreamy can-can. A tortoise's dream of dancing the can-can.





Elephant. The joke here is that the thematic material includes scherzos from Mendelssohn's A Midsummer Night's Dream and from Berlioz's The Damnation of Faust – both originally for light, high instruments. Not so here!

Kangaroos. Here we have erratic skips and leaps, with an interval for what amounts to deep thought in a kangaroo.



Aquarium. This features flutes, both soft and perky, celeste and harp. In the end the piccolo descends from its heights and is bubbled frothily away.



Characters with long ears. Musicologists have long speculated that the movement is meant to compare music critics to braying donkeys. Saint-Saens was notably unfond of critics.

Cuckoo in the depths of the woods. These woods are quiet, dreamy, chordal. The cuckoo is very spottable, but perhaps a little drowsy.

Aviary. This one's tinkling, light and sparkly.





Pianists. The joke here is that pianists are included in with the animals. Fun fact: the original edition instructs the two pianists to imitate awkward beginners and mess up. This note is generally ignored, probably for fear of critics/donkeys.



Fossils. The pieces quoted here represented the musical fossils of Saint-Saëns's time (French nursery songs, 'Twinkle twinkle', 'Au clair de la lune etc.).

The Swan. The Swan – in the original one of the loveliest solos in the cello repertoire – is in this arrangement

given to the horn. Our cellos are outraged and think this is mad! After the outrage...

The Finale. Featuring bits of all the animals we have already seen



Offenbach - Overture Orpheus in the Underworld

Orphée aux enfers (Orpheus in the Underworld) was Offenbach's first full-length opera, and proved a hit, almost from the off. The tuneful overture has never left the orchestral repertoire – even after the Moulin Rouge dancers swiped the final 'can-can', to immortalise it separately.

Offenbach objected to strict theatrical licensing laws which permitted only four singers, making opera impossible. He vowed he'd take humourous revenge on the "Olympian Gods" who made these rules – and Orpheus is the result.

The first performances did not sell well. But then critic Jules Janin blasted it as 'a blasphemous, lascivious outrage – a profanation of holy and glorious antiquity'. Offenbach counter-attacked, the spat roused the interest of the sporting Parisian public, and the opera became not only flavour-of-the-month, but flavour-of-the-nexttwo-years. One Offenbach biographer: 'Orphée became not only a triumph, but a cult.' It was only pulled, 'because the actors, who could not tire the public, were themselves exhausted.'

In this version of the story the gods of Olympus behave badly. Orpheus is no son of the god Apollo but a humble violin teacher. When his wife, Eurydice, is abducted by Pluto and dragged down into the underworld, he is delighted rather than devastated, and has to be coerced into rescuing her.

The overture opens with an over-the-top grandeur which gives way to a lovely theme featuring solo winds. The solo oboe introduces a lyrical solo cello intervention, echoed in the flutes and bassoon. The brass transition into an extensive violin solo (high, schmaltzy, technically tricky). The sentimental aria that follows is overruled by a waltz (with Tubby-the-tuba-like oom-pahs). The brass catapults us into the famous can-can and after that there's no stopping it...

Adrian Brown - Music Director

After graduating from the Royal Academy of Music in London, Adrian Brown studied with Sir Adrian Boult for some years. He remains the only British conductor to have reached the finals of the Karajan Conductors' Competition: in fact, the Berlin Philharmonic was the first professional orchestra he conducted! His engagements have included the St Petersburg Philharmonic Orchestra, the Camerata Salzburg (one of Europe's foremost chamber orchestras), the City of Birmingham Symphony Orchestra, the BBC Symphony Orchestra, the BBC Scottish Symphony Orchestra and the London Sinfonietta. He has been the Music Director of the Bromley Symphony Orchestra for over 40 years!

His awards include a prestigious Classic FM Award at their Tenth Birthday Honours Celebration, the 'Making Music' NFMS Lady Hilary Groves Prize for services to Community Music, the Berlioz International Society Medal for services to the great French composer, and the Elgar Medal. In 2018 he set up his own orchestra, the Elgar Sinfonia of London, performing principally works by Elgar and other 20th century British composers.

Adrian has also maintained his connections with his place of birth Suffolk, has conducted the Waveney Sinfonia for 45 years and returning to conduct the Trianon Music Group in Ipswich.

He recently collaborated with Rustam Khanmurzin in the Bliss Piano Concerto with the Elgar Sinfonia and plans include more Bliss, George Lloyd, Holst, Berloz and Finzi. In the future he hopes to bring more Elgar to the public, continue to explore new repertoire with Bromley (and his other orchestras), and to share his joy of music through illustrated talks.

Richard Brown - Composer - Pageant of the Seas

Richard graduated from the Guildhall School of Music and Drama and has worked extensively in theatre and TV. For 20 years he was London Director of Music for the Royal Shakespeare Company, working on over 200 productions.

He has composed and arranged many RSC scores including Julius Caesar, The Happiest Days of Your Life, The Three Sisters, Barbarians, The Churchill Play, Playing with Trains, Son of Man, The Hostage and Uncle Vanya.

Musicals composed include Murder Mystery Musical with Shaun McKenna, House Wives (based on Aristophanes' Lysistrata) with Maz Evans, Once Bitten with Nigel Williams and The Merry Miller of Wareham with Annabelle Brown and Tobias Deacon. Choral works include several pieces for orchestra and children's choirs: Zambezi Tales, Dreamtime Tales and Widecombe Fair with Nigel Williams, and Fire!, Battle of Britain, Mayflower and Agincourt with Fern Dickson and Sarah Harding.

Recent compositions include the opera Ahna Refugjati for Valletta City of Culture, Pageant of the Seas orchestral suite (premiered by the London Mozart Players) The Way Up! a video game for students selecting their universities, and Hereward, a cantata for choir and orchestra, recently premiered in Chichester Cathedral.

Chris Jeffery - Narrator - Tubby the Tuba

Chris joined the Bromley Symphony Orchestra as Principal Clarinet in his early twenties, and today still loves playing with the orchestra.

This afternoon he takes on the role of narrator, telling the story of Tubby the Tuba. Reflecting on the tale you're about to hear, Chris comments "I do like a good tune. Everyone deserves the chance to sing out their tune!".

Previous excursions into the domain of narration include Paddington's First Concert with the South East London Orchestra, and Captain Beaky with Imperial Opera.



Bromley Symphony Orchestra

FIRST VIOLINS

Andrew Laing (Leader) *Judy Brown Clare Wibberley (Associate Leader) David Rodker Claire Dillon *Mike Ibbott Sarah Clarke Ruth Flliott Andrew Condon Jane Ferdinando

SECOND VIOLINS

Andrew Harber (Principal) Eleanor Harber Jacqueline Whitbread Phil^MCKerracher **Rosie Cousins** *Mark Cousins Judith Montague Tracey Renwick Kathryn Hayman

VIOLAS

David Griffiths (Principal) Emily Colyer Alan MaGrath Nicola Oliver Rachel Parker Maria Staines Liz Tarrant Vanessa Townsend

* committee member

CELLOS

Helen McDonald (Principal) *Marion Hitchcock Helen Griffiths Hilary Harber Jane Broadbent Samantha Carter Becky Fage Mandy Selby Berard Somerville

DOUBLE BASSES Crispin Warren Davide Scafarto

FLUTES & PICCOLO Mark Esmonde Sharon Moloney

OBOES & COR ANGLAIS *Caroline Marwood Lydia Brookes

CLARINETS

Chris Jeffery *David Floud Hale Hambleton (Bass)

BASSOONS & CONTRA

Julian Farrel Stephen Fuller (Contra)



Other local events of interest

Oxted and Limpsfield Music Society Summer Concert 2025 Saturday 12th July 7.30pm Soloists Kosta Popovic Cello & Luke Lally Maguire Piano Bawtree Hall, Hazelwood School, Oxted RH8 OQU www.olcs.org.uk

HORNS

Roy Banks Mary Banks Frank Cottee Steph Jeffery Brian Newman

TRUMPETS Roger Moisan Clive Griffin Derek Cozens



TROMBONES *Peter Bruce *John Goldie-Scot

TUBA David Young

TIMPANI David Coronel

PERCUSSION Gosia Kepa Adam Payn

HARP Jean Kelly

PIANO/CELESTE Tracey Renwick

CONCERT MANAGER Neil Selby







There are 15 hidden words in the wordsearch, can you find them all?



These eight anagrams are famous composers, can you solve them?



OFF A BENCH BEHOVE TEN PHONIC STARS US SKY KIT HAVOC OZ TRAM HARMONIC VAN ASSIST ANNE



ОFFENBACH BEETHOVEN СНОРІИ STRAUSS TCHAIKOVSKY MOZART RACHMANINOV SAINT-SAËNS

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